



Q1. Consider the following:-

1) First Anglo Sikh war was the outcome of the ambition of Maharani Jindan.

2) After first Anglo Sikh war Maharaja Dileep Singh became the king of Punjab.

Which of the given statements is / are correct?

a) only 1.

c) Both

b) only 2.

d) None

Q2. Consider the following statements

A. Shah Shuja gave the right to the E.I. Company to trade in Bengal early in return for Rs. 3000/ year

B. Company got the zamindari of Calicut, Sutanuti & Bengal during the time of Aurangzeb.

(a) A is true

(c) Both are true

(b) B is true

(d) Both are false

Q3. Northern Cirkars the area in Andhra Pradesh was given to French by -

- (a) Nasir Jung. (c) Nizam-ul-Mulk
(b) Muzaffar Jung (d) Salabat Jung

Q4. Match the following -
WARS.

- A. Ist Anglo - Mysore War.
B. IIndAnglo-Mysore war
C. IIIrd Anglo-Mysore war
D. IVth Anglo-Mysore war.

REASONS

1. Cautiousness of English
2. Mahe
3. Travancore
4. Subsidiary Alliance

CODES

- | | A. | B. | C. | D. |
|-----|----|----|----|----|
| (a) | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |
| (b) | 1. | 3. | 2. | 4. |
| (c) | 3. | 2. | 1. | 4. |
| (d) | 2. | 3. | 1. | 4. |

Q5. What was true about first Anglo-Maratha war?

1. It was the outcome of the ambitions of Raghunath Rao.

2. Raghunath Rao signed the Treaty of Surat and gave the city of Surat as a gift to English.

3. Treaty of Purandar was called as scrap by Warren Hasting

4. Mahadji Scindhia became the mediator between English & Marathas

(a) All are true

(c) 2, 3, 4

(b) 1, 2, 4

(d) 1, 3, 4

Q6. Who was not involved in the Battle of Plassey?

1. Mir Madan

2. Mir Jafar

3. Miran.

4. Mir Qasim

(a) Only 4

(c) 3 and 4

(b) 2 and 3

(d) 1 and 4

Q7. What was true about Banda Bahadur?

1. His original name of Laxmandas.
2. Guru Govind Singh gave him a New name Guru Baksh Singh.
3. He was also called as Madho Das Bairagi
4. He laid down the foundation of first Sikh states.

(a) All are true

(c) 1 and 4

(b) 1,2 and 3

(d) Only 2

Q8. Which post was not present during Tipu Sultan's reign?

(a) Wazir

(c) Diwan

(b) Mir Bakshi

(d) Amil

Q9. Dal Khalsa in Punjab was established by?

(a) Tipu Singh

(c) Kapoor Singh

(b) Lal Singh

(d) Heera Singh

Q10. Who among the following committed Suicide?

(a) Robert Clive

(c) Vansittart

(b) Holwell

(d) John Surman

Q11. Consider the following statement-

A. Treaty of Allahabad was a great achievement of Clive.

B. Dual Government was a smart move of Clive.

(a) A is true

(c) Both are true

(b) B is true.

(d) Both are false

Q12. Consider the following statement:-

A. Maharaja Nanda Kumar trial was during the period of Warren Hasting.

B. Warren Hasting was the first Governor General of India.

a) A is true

c) Both are true

b) B is true

d) Both are false

Q13. Consider the following statement :-

A. Criminal law reform of Cornwallis was mainly Humanitarian.

B. Cornwallis tried to handle corruption and bribery in efficient way.

a) A is true

c) Both are true

b) B is true

d) Both are false

Q14. What was true about Permanent Settlement?

1. Zamindars were declared as the owners of the land.

2. R.C.Dutt supported permanent settlement.

3. Raja Ram Mohan Roy wanted Permanent Settlement with farmers also.

4. It was implemented in Bengal, Bihar, Orissa parts of eastern U.P.

a) All are true

c) 1, 2

(b) 1, 2, 3

d) only 1

Q15. Wellesley established Fort William College for?

a) Judiciary

c) Indian Princes

(b) Revenue Officers.

d) Civil Servants

Q16. Consider the following statement-

1. Till 1835 the company's coins carried the stamp of Emperor Shah Alam
2. Akbar II was the Mughal emperor who received Lord Hasting on equal status.
3. Rajputana came under the control of the company during Lord Hasting.
4. Maratha confederacy was dissolved by Lord Hasting.

Which among them are true?

(a) 1, 2, 3

(c) 1, 2, 4

(b) 1, 3

(d) 1, 3, 4

Q17. Match the following-
Governors of Bengal.

Events

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A. Cartier. | 1. First Famine of Modern India in Bengal |
| B. Verelst. | 2. Battle of Buxar |
| C. Vansittart. | 3. Narrated Black hole tragedy |
| D. Holwell. | 4. Dual Govt. |

Codes:

- | | A. | B. | C. | D. |
|----|----|----|----|----|
| a) | 4 | 2. | 3. | 1. |
| b) | 4. | 3. | 2. | 1. |
| c) | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. |
| d) | 1. | 4. | 2. | 3. |

Q18. During the time of William Bentinck, for the convenience of the public of Upper Province and Delhi, a separate Sadr Nizamat & Sadar Diwani Adalat was established at?

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| (a) Lucknow | (c) Delhi |
| (b) Allahabad | (d) Faizabad |

Q19. Consider the following statement:-

A. Financially the period of William Bentick was a period of loss for the state.

B. Press was in advantage during the time of Bentick

(a) A is true

(c) Both are true

(b) B is true.

(d) Both are false

Q20. Who was the first Governor General to get Veto Power?

(a) Cornwallis

(c) Lord Hastings

(b) Wellesley.

(d) Dalhousie

Q21. Who became the victim of Dalhousie's 'Abolition of title and Pensions programme'?

1. Carnatic

2. Tanjore

3. Mughal Ruler

4. Peshwa

a) All of them

c) 3 and 4

b) 1,2 and 4

d) Only 4

Q22. What was the popular name of E.I.C.?

- a) John Company
- b) Job Chornok Company
- c) Company of Merchants of London
- d) None of these

Q23. Who established Madras?

- a) Francis Dey
- b) Job Chornok
- c) Robert Clive
- d) Colbert

Q24. What was true about Woods Despatch under Dalhousie?

1. Recommended Anglo-vernacular Schools throughout the district.
2. Government Colleges of higher grade in important towns.
3. University in all the three presidencies.
4. Public Educational Department was to be established.

(a) All the true

(c) 1, 4

(b) 1, 2

(d) only 3

Q25. What was true about the period of William Bentinck in India?

1. End of discrimination in Government jobs.
2. End of Thuggi traditions.
3. End of Female Infanticide.
4. End of Devadasi System.

(a) All are true

(c) 1, 2

(b) 1, 2, 3.

(d) 1, 3